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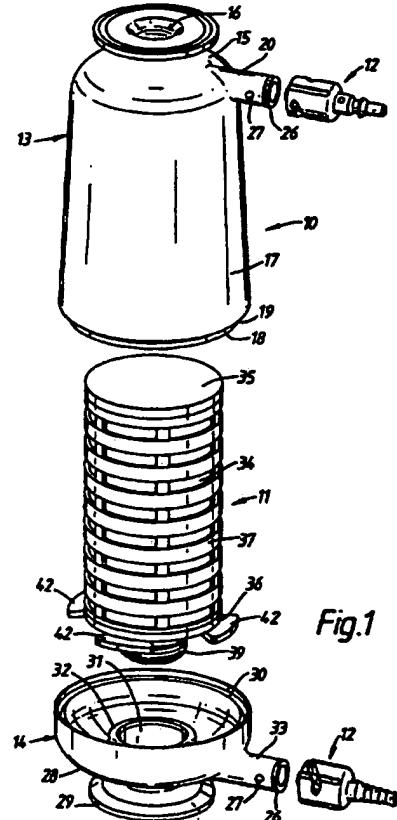
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(54) Abstract Title

Filter element with end caps

(57) A filter element 11 comprises a filter medium 34 provided with end caps 35, 36 which are heat sealed to the medium and thereby form water-wettable junctions with the medium. The filter element 11 is encapsulated in a plastics housing 10 capable of withstanding steam sterilization. The assembly is therefore able to be sterilized in situ thereby obviating aseptic transfer from an autoclave. Specific plastics materials for the construction are disclosed.



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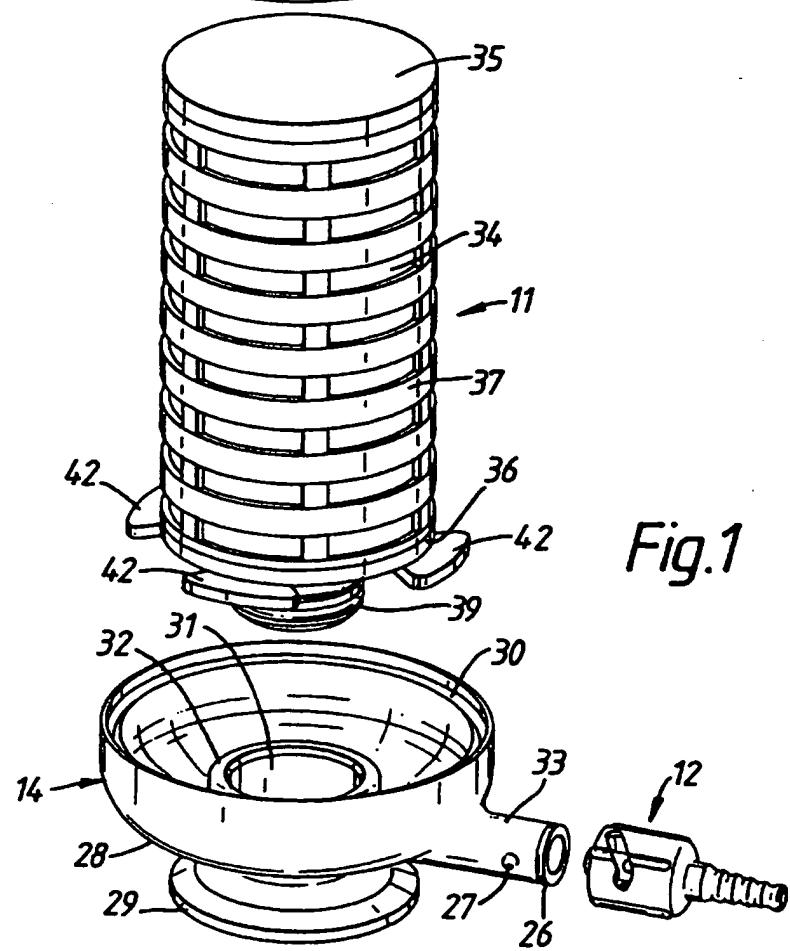
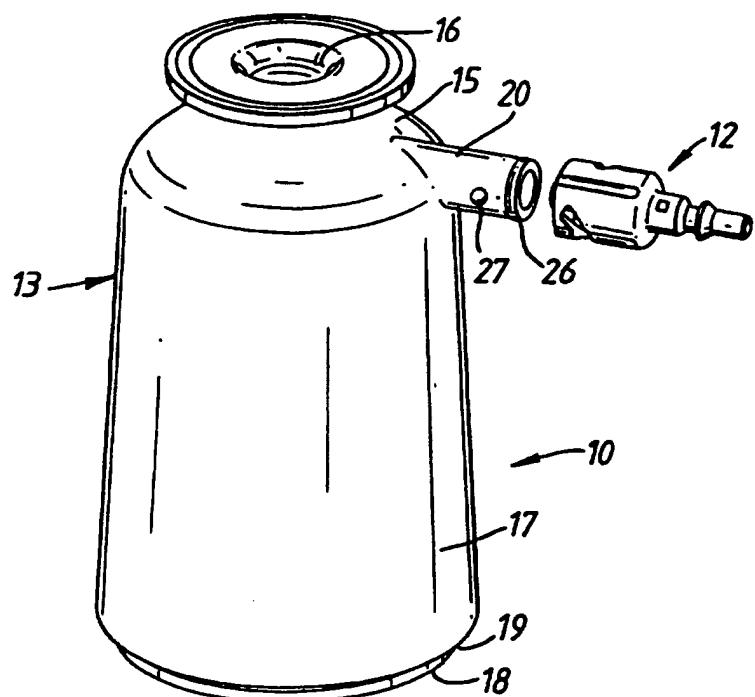


Fig.1

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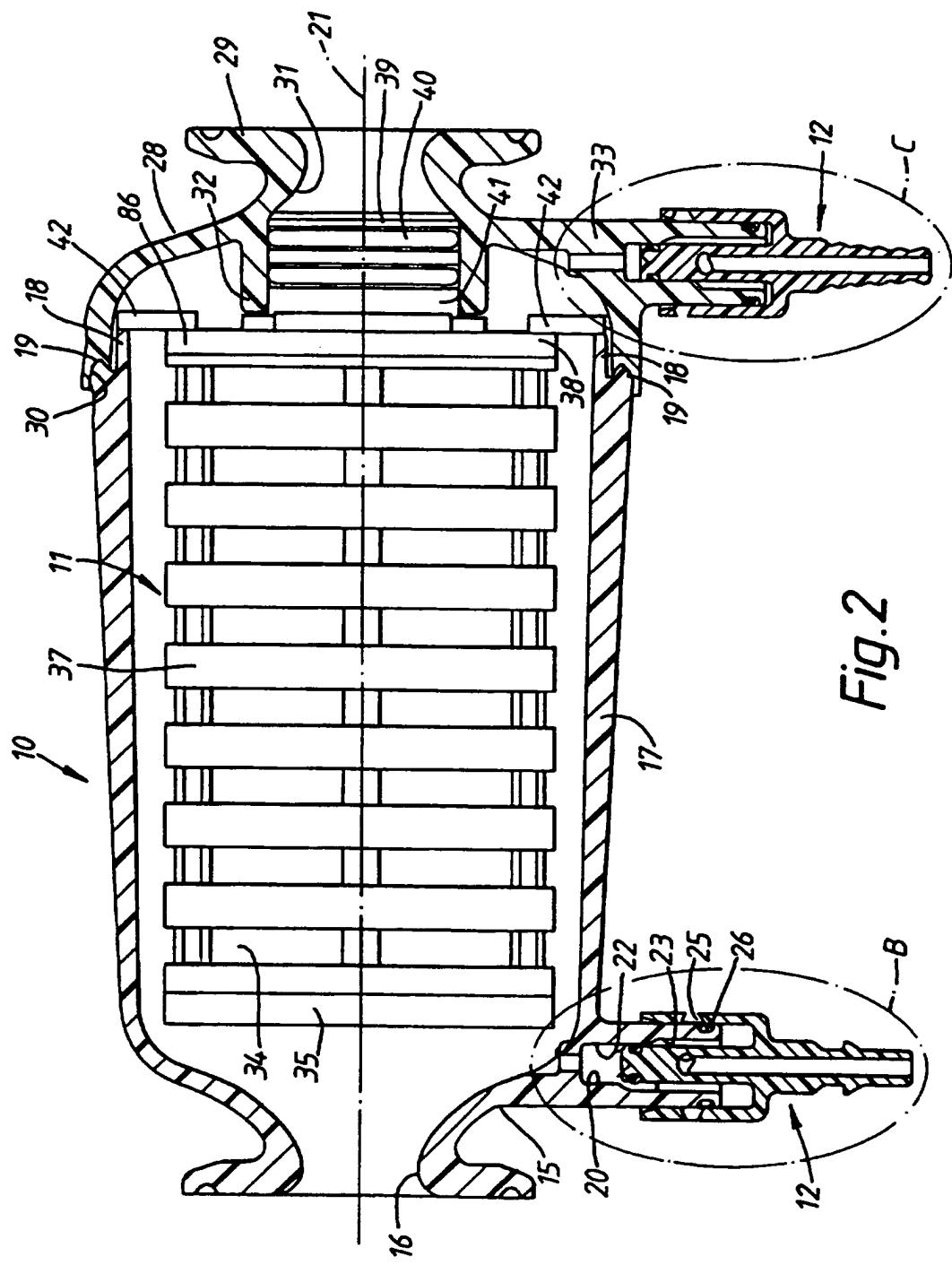


Fig. 2

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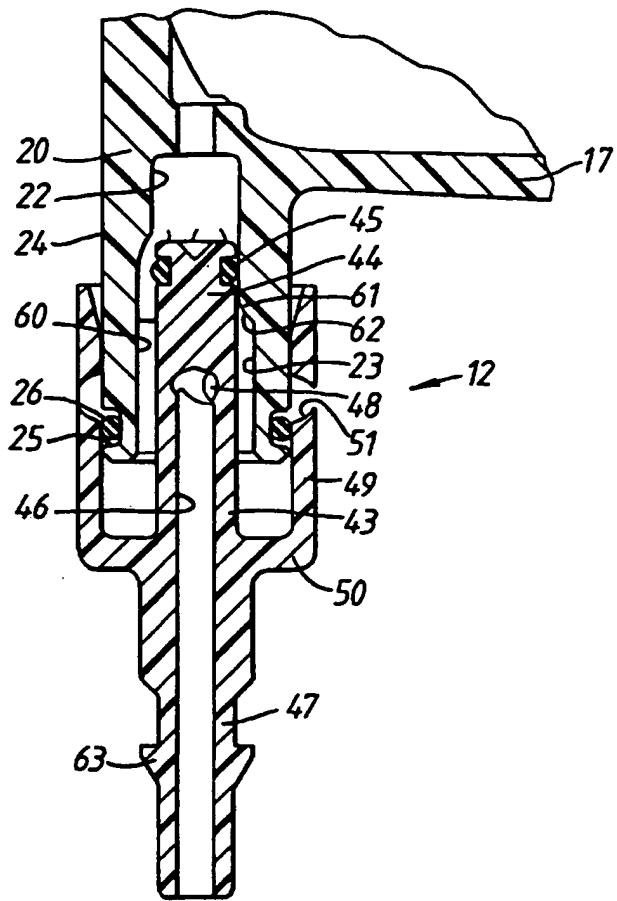


Fig.3

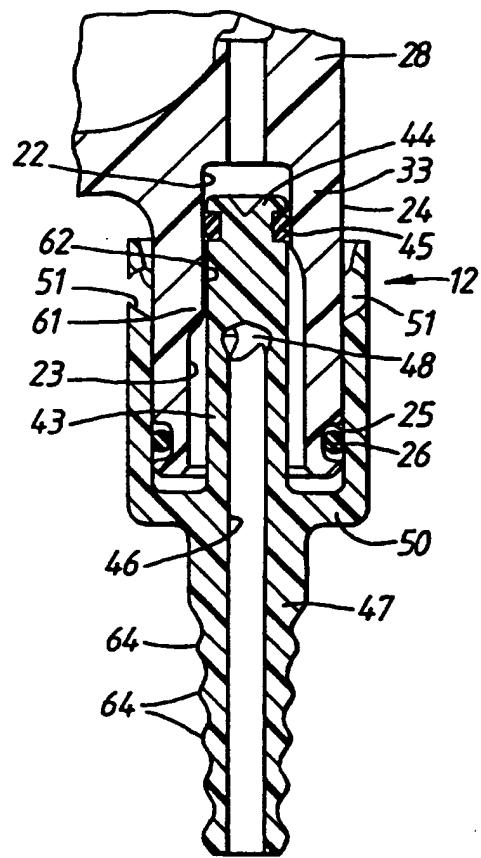


Fig.4

FILTER ASSEMBLY

The invention relates to filter assemblies.

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A known form of filter assembly comprises a housing providing an inlet port and an outlet port with a filter element being held in the housing and comprising a filter medium having a central passage extending between first and second ends of the filter medium. The first end of the filter medium is connected to an end cap to close the passage and the second end of the filter medium is in fluid communication with a port of the housing.

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In this way, fluid passing to the housing flows through the filter medium in a path including the inlet port, the outlet port and the passage. Such filters are used extensively for medical, biomedical and pharmaceutical purposes.

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It is a requirement of such filter assemblies that the filter element must be capable of being integrity tested. For water-wettable filter media integrity can be tested by the Water Bubble Point Test or the Diffusive Forward Flow Test. In the

Water Bubble Point Test, the filter element is placed in a water bath with both the first and second ends of the passage closed and air is pumped into the passage at a pressure which is increased until the first bubble is observed on the exterior of the filter medium. If the structure of the filter medium has integrity over its whole volume, this first bubble will appear at a predetermined pressure. If a bubble or bubbles appear at a lower pressure, it is an indication that the structure of the filter medium is not uniform over the whole volume of the filter medium. This can indicate the incidence of passages through the filter medium which might allow the passage through the medium in use of unfiltered or only partly filtered fluid.

In the Diffusive Forward Flow Test, the filter medium is wetted with water and surplus water is removed. Air is applied to one side of the medium at a specified pressure and the diffusive air flow rate is measured. This diffusive air flow rate has been found to be related to the removal rating of the medium. A greater than expected flow rate can indicate lack of integrity of the medium.

However, the connection to a water-wettable filter medium of

an end cap can change the characteristics of the medium so
that integrity testing is no longer possible. For example,
the connection can produce hydrophobic zones in the medium
which do not wet out in the integrity test and thus plainly
affect the performance of the medium in the integrity test.
For this reason, the materials of the filter medium and the
end cap are usually chosen so that connection of the medium
and the end cap does not affect the characteristics of the
medium in a manner that would affect the medium's performance
in an integrity test.

The material of the end cap is also important for hydrophobic
filter media. Some hydrophobic filter media are easily
damaged by heat. These media are attached to the end cap by
heating the end cap to soften the end cap and inserting the
first end of the medium into the end cap while the end cap is
softened. It is therefore important to choose a material for
the end cap that softens at a relatively low temperature such
that the connection can be carried out without damaging the
media.

However, it is also a requirement for such filter assemblies
that have medical, biomedical and pharmaceutical uses that

they can be sterilized to allow for repeated use. There are two principal forms of sterilization; in situ steam sterilization and steam autoclaving. In in situ steam sterilization, instead of fluid to be filtered passing to the filter assembly, high pressure and high temperature steam are passed through the filter assembly. For example, the steam pressure may be several bars and the temperature 140°C. In steam autoclaving, the filter assembly is removed from associated equipment and transferred to an autoclave where it is steam sterilized. The filter assembly is then removed from the autoclave, transferred aseptically and replaced in the equipment. A typical filter assembly might need sterilizing 100 times in its lifetime.

Where the housing of such a filter assembly is made of a plastics material, the second end of the filter medium is usually connected to the housing by heating the housing material and inserting the second end of the filter medium into the housing material. For water-wettable media, in order to produce a water wettable joint for integrity testing purposes, it is thus necessary to have the housing of an appropriate material that produces the required join. For hydrophobic media that are relatively easily damaged by heat

it is necessary for the plastics material of the housing to have a relatively low softening temperature. Such plastics materials are not able to withstand the pressures and temperatures of in situ steam sterilization. Accordingly, 5 such filter assemblies must be sterilized by autoclaving. This requires the filter assembly to be removed from service, autoclaved and then transferred aseptically back into service.

10 The known alternative is to house the filter element in a metal housing. The metal will withstand the temperatures and pressures of in situ steam sterilization but metal housings are typically much bulkier than plastics housings and are more expensive to produce and require cleaning before re-use.

15 According to a first aspect of the invention, there is provided a filter assembly comprising a plastics housing providing an inlet port and an outlet port, a filter element held in the housing and comprising a filter medium having a central passage extending between first and second ends of the 20 filter medium, the first end of the filter medium being connected to a first end cap to close said passage and the second end of the filter medium being connected to a second end cap, said second end cap providing a fluid connection

between said passage and one of said ports.

By end capping both ends of the filter medium, water wettable joints can be produced and a different material used for the housing that is steam sterilizable in situ.

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According to a second aspect of the invention, there is provided a filter assembly comprising a housing having an inlet and an outlet and a filter element that is integrity testable by the Diffusive Forward Flow Test or the Water Bubble Point Test, that is held in the housing and that comprises a filter medium having a central passage extending between first and second ends of the filter medium, the housing being formed from a plastics material that is steam sterilizable.

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It is also a problem with such filter assemblies in providing valves for the inlet port and the outlet port. Such valves need to be capable of steam sterilization, and many are not.

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According to a third aspect of the invention, there is provided a valve for a filter assembly comprising an annular sleeve surrounding a passage of generally circular cross-

section, movement of said sleeve in one sense opening said valve and movement of said sleeve in a sense opposite said one sense closing said valve.

5 According to a fourth aspect of the invention there is provided a valve comprising a part defining a cylindrical passage and a valve member moveable between a first position in which the member sits in and seals against the circumference of the passage to close the valve and a second 10 position in which the member is located out of the passage to open the valve.

15 The following is a more detailed description of an embodiment of the invention, by way of example, reference being made to the accompanying drawings in which:-

Figure 1 is an exploded view of a filter assembly showing first and second parts of a filter housing, a filter element within the housing and valves connected to inlet and drainage 20 ports of the housing,

Figure 2 is a cross-section on the axis of the housing of Figure 1, showing one valve in an open position and a second

valve in a closed position,

Figure 3 is detail B of Figure 2 showing the open valve to a larger scale, and

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Figure 4 is detail C of Figure 2 showing the closed valve to a larger scale.

Referring to the drawings, and particularly Figure 1, the
10 filter assembly comprises a housing indicated generally at 10,
a filter element 11 encapsulated in the housing 10 and two
valves 12 carried by the housing 10.

The housing 10 comprises a first housing part 13 and a second
15 housing part 14. Both parts are made, for example moulded,
from a polysulphone material. The first housing part 13
includes an end wall 15 provided with an inlet 16 for the
medium to be filtered, and a circular cross-section side wall
17 extending downwardly from the end wall 15 and terminating
20 at a circular edge 18. An outwardly facing annular rebate 19
is formed in the side wall 17 adjacent the edge.

An air vent port 20 is formed at the junction between the end

wall 15 and the side wall 17 and extends in a direction generally radially relative to the axis 21 (see Figure 2) of the housing 10. The inner surface 60 of the air vent port 20 defines a passage having a smaller diameter portion 22 closer to the side wall 17 and a larger diameter portion 23 further from the side wall 17 and terminating at the end of the air vent port 20. Five ribs 61 extend into the larger diameter portion 23 from the inner surface 60. The ribs 61 are spaced equi-angularly around the surface 60. Each rib 61 has an edge 62 that is continuous and in line with the inner surface 60 at the small diameter portion of the passage.

The air vent port 20 has an exterior surface 24 provided with an annular groove 25 adjacent the end of the port 20 which carries an O-ring seal 26. In addition, this surface 24 has two pins 27 projecting radially from the surface at respective positions on the surface spaced from the end of the port 20. The function of the seal 26 and the pins 27 is described below.

The second housing part 14 includes a second end wall 28 provided with a disc-shaped stand 29. The second end wall 28 has its end remote from the stand of generally annular shape

coaxial with the axis 21 of the housing 10. This portion of the second end wall 28 is provided with an inwardly facing rebate 30.

5 As best seen in Figure 2, the second end wall 28 has an outlet port 31 in the form of a generally circular cross-section passage co-axial with the axis 21 of the housing 10 and extending through the second end wall 28 and the stand 29. The end of the outlet port 31 within the housing 10 forms an
10 annular flange 32.

A drainage port 33 is provided in the second end wall 28 and extends radially from the second end wall 28 relative to the axis 21 of the housing 10. The drainage port 33 is constructed similarly to the air vent port 20 (parts common to
15 the two ports 20,33 are given the same reference numerals and will not be described in detail).

The filter element 11 comprises a filter medium 34, a first
20 end cap 35, a second end cap 36 and a cage 37. The filter medium may be of any convenient material and any convenient shape that provides a central passage for the flow of fluid to be filtered. For example, the filter medium 34 may be

annular. The material may be pleated or unpleated. Examples of suitable filter media are those sold by Pall Corporation under the trade marks ULTIPOR, FLUORODYNE, SUPOR and EMFLON.

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The filter medium 34 has a first end and a second end with the passage extending between the ends. The first end cap 35 is disc-shaped and is formed from a plastics material. The first end cap 35 is preferably connected to the first end of the filter medium 34 by heating the end cap 35 to soften the end cap 35 and then inserting the filter medium into the softened end cap material to form a join.

The material of the first end cap 35 is chosen so that, when the filter medium 34 is connected to the first end cap 35, the characteristics of the medium 34 are not materially changed. In particular, when the filter medium 34 is of a water-wettable material, the material of the first end cap is chosen to that a water wettable joint is formed between the filter medium 34 and the first end cap 35. In this case, the end cap material will depend on the material of the filter medium 34. For example, when the filter medium 34 is a FLUORODYNE or SUPOR medium, the end cap 35 may be composed of polypropylene.

When the filter medium 34 is composed of a nylon material the first end cap 35 may be composed of a polyester or nylon material.

5 It is important to obtain a water-wettable joint between water-wettable filter media and the first end cap 35 in order to allow the filter element to be integrity tested. An integrity test involves the filter element being placed in a bath of water (with the ends of the passage closed) and air is 10 then supplied to the passage at increasing pressure. The bath is then observed to determine at what pressure the first bubble appears on the exterior of the filter medium. If the porous structure of the filter medium is integral over the whole area of the filter medium, then the first bubble will 15 appear at a relatively high pressure. If, however, the porous structure is not integral over the whole area of the filter medium 34, then the first bubble will appear at a relatively lower pressure. If the junction between the first end cap 35 and the filter medium 34 is not water-wettable, it creates a 20 hydrophobic zone through which air passes readily since the porous structure is not wetted out by water. Although this does not normally affect filtration during use of the assembly, it is not possible to test the integrity as

described above. The formation of hydrophobic zones similarly prevents the medium being tested by the Diffusive Forward Flow Test described above.

5 Where the filter medium 34 is hydrophobic, it is important to ensure that the first end cap 35 is composed of a material that can be softened at a temperature that is sufficiently low so that the integrity of the medium 35 is not damaged by the insertion process. For example, when the filter medium 34 is 10 composed of PVDF (such as an EMFLON 2 medium) the first end cap 35 may be composed of polypropylene. Where the filter medium 35 is composed of PTFE, which is relatively resistant to heat, it is also preferable to use polypropylene end caps.

15 The second end cap 36 comprises a flat annular portion 38 with a central aperture. A tube 39 surrounds the aperture and extends away from the filter medium 34 in a direction normal to the plane of the flat annular portion 38. The tube 39 is provided with two annular seals 40 on its exterior surface 41. 20 Four flanges 42 project radially outwardly of the flat annular portion 38 and are equi-angularly spaced around this portion 38.

The outer diameter of the tube 39 is generally equal to the interior diameter of the outlet port 31.

For any filter medium 34, the material of the second end cap 5 is chosen based on the same considerations affecting the choice of the material of the first end cap. The material of the second end cap 36 will normally, but not necessarily, be the same as the material of the first end cap 35. The filter medium 34 is connected to the second end cap 36 by heating the 10 second end cap 36 and then inserting the filter medium 34 into the softened material. The cage 37, which is of known type, surrounds the exterior surface of the filter medium 34 between the first and second end caps 35,36.

15 The filter element 11 is mounted in the housing in the following way. First, the tube 39 on the second end cap 36 is inserted into the outlet port 31 in the second end wall 28. The seals 40 prevent leakage between these parts. When fully inserted, the flange 32 of the outlet port 31 bears against 20 the under-surface of the flat annular portion 38 of the second end cap 36. This holds the filter element 11 in the second end wall 28 coaxial with the housing axis 21. In addition, it connects the interior passage of the filter medium 34 with the

outlet port 31 via the tube 39.

The first housing part 13 is then placed over the filter element 11 with the edge 18 fitting within the second end wall 28 and the rebate 19 adjacent this edge mating with the rebate 30 in the second end wall 28. The first and second housing parts 13,14 are then welded together around the rebates 19,30.

When so positioned, the edge 18 of the side wall 17 bears against the flanges 42. The effect of this is to clamp the filter element 11 between this edge 18 and the end of the flange 32 surrounding the outlet port 31 and contacting the second end cap 36. In this way, the filter element 11 is held firmly in position encapsulated in the housing 10.

Referring next to Figures 3 and 4 in particular, the valves 12 control flow through the air vent port 20 and the drainage port 33. The valves 12 are identical and so only one of them will be described.

The valve 12 comprises an elongated valve member 43 which is generally circular in cross-section. The valve member 43 has

a blind end 44 within the associated port. The blind end 44 carries an O-ring 45 in a groove provided on an exterior surface. The remainder of the valve member 43 has an axial passage 46 leading to a connector 47 for connection to a hose or pipe. In Figure 3 the connector 47 has an annular triangular-section rib 63 and in Figure 4 the connector 47 has a succession of axially spaced ribs 64. At least one radial passage 48 connects the end of the axial passage 46 adjacent the blind end 44 with the exterior surface of the valve member 10 43.

A sleeve 49 is arranged coaxially with the axis of the valve member 43 and is spaced from the valve member 43 by an annular radially extending flange 50. The sleeve 49 is a sliding fit over the exterior surface 24 of the associated port 20,31. In 15 addition, the sleeve is provided with two helical slots 51 (seen best in Figure 1) extending around a portion of the sleeve 49. Each pin 27 is received in a respective one of the slots 51.

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The sleeve 49 can thus be rotated relative to the associated port 20,33 with such rotation being controlled by the engagement of the pin 27 in the slot 51 to cause the sleeve 49

also to move axially relative to the associated port 20,33.

This rotation can take place in both senses.

The effect of this rotation is best seen in Figures 3 and 4.

5 At one limit of rotation in one sense, as seen in Figure 3, the blind end 44 of the valve member 43 lies in the larger diameter portion 23 of the associated port 20,33. When so positioned, the valve member 43, and the associated O-ring 45, do not obstruct the port and so allow flow into the port, through the radial passage 48 and along the axial passage 46. 10 Reverse flow is, of course, also possible. Leakage around the sleeve 49 is prevented by the O-ring seal 26 on the exterior surface 24 of the port 20,33. The O-ring 45 is kept pressed into the groove on the outer surface of the blind end by the 15 ribs 61 - the edges 62 bearing against the O-ring 45.

Rotation of the sleeve 49 in the opposite sense moves the blind end 44 into the smaller diameter portion. The O-ring 45 is guided into the smaller diameter portion by the edges 62. 20 Maximum rotation in the opposite sense disposes the valve member as shown in Figure 4. In this disposition, the blind end 44 lies within the smaller diameter portion 22 of the associated port 20,33. The O-ring 45 seals against the inner

surface 60 of the port 20, 33 so preventing flow through the value. It will be appreciated that because the seal is made against the circumference of the smaller portion 22 (and not, for example, against a radially extending seat) the port 20, 33 and the valve member 43 can undergo differential expansion during heating without causing damage to the valve as the blind end 44 simply moves axially with the small portion 22.

Thus, by twisting the sleeve 49 is one sense or the other, the associated port 20, 33 can be opening or closed. It will also be appreciated that the pin 27 and slot 51 mechanism prevents the valve 12 being disengaged completely from the associated port 20, 33.

The valves 12 are preferably made from a polysulphone material.

The housing parts 13, 14 and the valves 12 may also be made from any other suitable plastics material capable of withstanding in-line sterilization. As stated above, in-line sterilization involves passing steam under pressure through the housing. The exterior of the housing is kept at atmospheric pressure and so there is a pressure differential

across the housing. The minimum temperature and pressure of steam commonly used for sterilization is generally about 121°C at about 1 bar above atmospheric pressure, although in some circumstances, in particular if exposure to the steam is prolonged, sterilization may be achievable at lower temperatures and pressures. However, it is often desirable to sterilize the assembly in-line under harsher conditions, for example using steam at about 142°C and about 2.83 bar above atmospheric pressure. The housing is preferably resistant to such harsher conditions. Examples of plastics other than polysulphone that are suitable are PEEK, PEK, polyphenyleneoxide, polyphenylenesulphide, polyethersulphone, polyalkoxysulphone and polyarylsulphone.

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In use, the filter assembly described above with reference to the drawings is mounted in a line containing a fluid to be filtered. This may be, for example, a medical, biomedical or pharmaceutical fluid. A tube leading from a source of fluid to be filtered is connected to the inlet 16. The outlet port 31 is connected to a receiver of filtered fluid. The drainage port 33 is connected to a tube leading to a receiver for drained fluid. The valve 12 of the air vent port 20 is opened

and the valve 12 of the drainage port 33 is closed. Fluid to be filtered is then fed through the inlet 16 to fill the housing 10. The air vent port 20 is then shut. The fluid passes through the filter medium 34 where it is filtered and 5 the filtered fluid enters the passage before passing through the tube 39 and the outlet port 31.

When the filter assembly is to be sterilized, the inlet 16 is disconnected from the supply of fluid to be filtered and the 10 outlet port 31 is disconnected from the receiver of filtered fluid. The drainage port valve 12 is open to drain excess fluid from the housing 10. The inlet 16 is then connected to a supply of steam under pressure and the outlet port 31 is connected to a drain. The valves 12 are left slightly open. 15 Steam at the pressure of several bars and a temperature of about 140°C is then fed through the housing to steam sterilize the filter material 34 and the other components. The housing 10, since it is made of polysulphone (or another suitable plastics material), is able to withstand the temperature and 20 pressure of the steam. The same is true of the valves 12; because they are made of polysulphone (or another suitable plastics material), they will withstand the in-line steam sterilization without damage.

Once steam sterilization is complete, water can be drained by fully opening the drainage port valve 12 and the filter assembly reconnected for filtering fluid.

5 By separating the caps 35,36 from the housing 10, these parts can be made in different materials to provide the water wettability necessary for the filter medium 34 and the resistance to in-line steam sterilization necessary for the housing 10.

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It will be appreciated that there are a number of modifications that can be made to the arrangement described above.

15 The valves 12 need not be as described above. Any suitable valves could be used. The plastics material of the housing 10 need not be polysulphone, it could be any material that is capable of withstanding in-line steam sterilization. The filter element 11 need not be clamped in the housing 10 as
20 described, it could be held in any suitable way. The cage 37 need not be as described, any suitable cage could be provided. The filter medium 34 may be provided with upstream and/or downstream drainage layers.

CLAIMS

1. A filter assembly comprising a plastics housing providing an inlet port and an outlet port, a filter element held in the housing and comprising a filter medium having a central passage extending between first and second ends of the filter medium, the first end of the filter medium being connected to a first end cap to close said passage and the second end of the filter medium being connected to a second end cap, said second end cap providing a fluid connection between said passage and one of said ports.

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2. A filter assembly according to claim 1, wherein each end cap is composed of a plastics material and said connections between the filter medium and the end caps are made by embedding each one of said ends in the associated end cap.

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3. A filter assembly according to claim 2, wherein said embedding involves heating the end caps to soften the end caps and inserting each one of said ends into the associated end cap while the associated end cap is softened.

4. A filter assembly according to claim 2 or claim 3,

wherein said end cap plastics material is such that the characteristics of the filter medium adjacent to the end caps are not altered by said embedding.

5. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 2 to 4, wherein the filter medium is composed of a water-wettable material and the end cap plastics material forms a water-wettable joint with the filter medium.

10 6. A filter assembly according to claim 5, wherein the filter medium is composed principally of PVDF which has been modified to make the medium water-wettable, and the end caps are composed of polypropylene.

15 7. A filter assembly according to claim 5, wherein the filter medium is composed principally of polysulphone which has been modified to make the medium water-wettable, and the end caps are composed of polypropylene.

20 8. A filter assembly according to claim 5, wherein the filter medium is a FLUORODYNE or SUPOR medium and the end caps are composed of polypropylene.

9. A filter assembly according to claim 5, wherein the filter medium is composed of a nylon material and each end cap is composed of a polyester or a nylon material.

5 10. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim wherein the filter element is integrity testable by the Diffusive Forward Flow Test or by the Water Bubble Point Test.

10 11. A filter assembly according to claim 3 or claim 4 when claim 4 is dependent on claim 3, wherein the end cap plastics material can be softened at a temperature which is sufficiently low such that the integrity of the medium is undamaged when the medium is inserted into the end caps when the end caps are at said temperature.

15 12. A filter assembly according to claim 11, wherein the filter medium is hydrophobic.

20 13. A filter assembly according to claim 12, wherein the filter medium is composed of PTFE and each end cap is composed of polypropylene.

14. A filter assembly according to claim 12, wherein the

filter medium is composed of PVDF and the end caps are composed of polypropylene.

15. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim,
5 wherein the housing is such that the assembly can be
sterilized by subjecting the interior of the housing to steam
under pressure while the exterior of the housing is at
atmospheric pressure without damaging the housing.

10 16. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim,
wherein the housing resists exposure of the interior of the
housing to steam at about 121°C and about 1 bar above
atmospheric pressure while the exterior of the housing is
exposed to atmospheric pressure.

15 17. A filter assembly according to claim 15 or claim 16,
wherein the housing plastics material is one of polysulphone,
PEEK, PEK, polyphenyleneoxide, polyphenylenesulphide,
polyethersulphone, polyalkoxysulphone or polyarylsulphone.

20 18. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim,
wherein said filter medium is generally annular, the first end
cap being generally disc-shaped and the second end cap being

generally annular with a central aperture for connection to a housing port.

19. A filter assembly according to claim 18, wherein the
5 filter medium is pleated.

20. A filter assembly according to claim 18 or claim 19,
wherein the second end cap includes a projection defining a fluid path, said projection being received in the associated
10 housing port to provide fluid communication therebetween.

21. A filter assembly according to claim 20, wherein said housing includes first and second opposed end walls, said housing port in fluid communication with the second end cap being formed in said second end wall, the filter element
15 extending from said second end wall towards said first end wall.

22. A filter assembly according to claim 21, wherein the
20 housing has a side wall of generally circular cross-section extending between said first and second end walls.

23. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim,

wherein the housing is formed by first and second housing parts connected together.

24. A filter assembly according to claim 23 when dependent
5 on claim 22, wherein the first housing part includes said first end wall and said side wall and the second housing part includes said second end wall.

25. A filter assembly according to claim 23 or claim 24,
10 wherein the first housing part and the second housing part cooperate to clamp the filter element between said parts to hold the filter element in the housing.

26. A filter element according to claim 25, wherein the
15 filter element includes first and second oppositely facing clamping surfaces, the first housing part bearing against the first clamping surface and the second housing part bearing against the second clamping surface.

20 27. A filter element according to claim 26, wherein said first and second clamping surfaces are formed on said second end cap.

28. A filter element according to claim 27, wherein the first clamping surface is formed on at least one flange projecting from said second end cap.

5 29. A filter assembly according to claim 27 or claim 28, when dependent on claim 18, wherein said second clamping surface is formed on a portion of said second end cap extending around said projection.

10 30. A filter assembly according to claim 28 and claim 29 wherein said first housing part has a peripheral edge remote from said first end wall, said peripheral edge bearing against said at least one flange to force the second clamping surface against a portion of the second end wall of the housing around
15 the associated port.

31. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim, wherein the filter medium is annular and has a curved exterior surface surrounded by a cage.

20 32. A filter assembly according to claim 31 wherein the cage is formed from the same material as the end caps.

33. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim,
wherein the housing is provided with at least one valve that
is manually operable to open and close the valve, the valve
when open providing a fluid flow path between the exterior and
5 the interior of the housing.

34. A filter assembly according to claim 33, wherein the
or each said valve is formed from materials that can be steam
autoclaved.

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35. A filter assembly according to claim 33, wherein the
or each value is such that the assembly can be sterilized by
subjecting the interior of the housing to steam under pressure
while the exterior of the housing is at atmospheric pressure
15 without damaging the valve.

36. A filter assembly according to claim 33, wherein the
or each valve is resistant to exposure of the interior of the
housing to steam at about 121°C and about 1 bar above
20 atmospheric pressure while the exterior of the housing is
exposed to atmospheric pressure.

37. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 33-36,

wherein the or each said valve is formed principally from one of polysulphone, PEEK, PEK, polyphenyleneoxide, polyphenylenesulphide, polyethersulphone polyalkoxysulphone or polyarylsulphone.

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38. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 33 to 37, wherein the or each valve includes an annular sleeve surrounding a passage generally circular in cross-section, movement of said annular sleeve in one sense opening said valve and movement of the sleeve in a sense opposite said one sense closing said valve.

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15 39. A filter assembly according to claim 38, wherein the or each passage contains a valve member, movement of the associated sleeve causing said valve member to move between a first position in which said valve member permits flow through said passage and a second position in which said valve member prevents flow through said passage.

20 40. A filter assembly according to claim 39, wherein the or each valve member moves axially relative to the associated passage between said first and second positions.

41. A filter assembly according to claim 40, wherein the sleeve and the valve member of the or each valve are connected together, the sleeve surrounding said associated passage and the valve member extending into an end of said passage, said valve member including a passage which is in fluid communication with the associated passage when the valve is open and which is not in fluid communication when the valve is closed.

10 42. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 38 to 41, wherein, for the or each valve, a mechanism acts between the sleeve and the housing such that rotation of the sleeve results in axial movement of said valve member between said first and second positions.

15 43. A filter assembly according to claim 42, wherein the or each mechanism limits the extent of the axial movement of the associated valve member.

20 44. A filter assembly according to claim 42 or claim 43 wherein the or each mechanism comprises a pin and a co-operating slot.

45. A filter assembly according to claim 44 when dependent on claim 41, wherein the or each pin is carried on an exterior surface of the housing and the associated slot extends helically partially around the sleeve.

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46. A filter assembly substantially as herein before described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

47. A filter assembly comprising a housing having an inlet and an outlet and a filter element that is integrity testable by the Diffusive Forward Flow Test or the Water Bubble Point Test, that is held in the housing and that comprises a filter medium having a central passage extending between the first and second ends of the filter medium, the housing being formed from a plastics material that is steam sterilizable.

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filter medium is composed principally of PVDF which has been modified to make the medium water-wettable, and the end caps are composed of polypropylene.

5 50. A filter assembly according to claim 48, wherein the filter medium is composed principally of polysulphone which has been modified to make the medium water-wettable, and the end caps are composed of polypropylene.

10 51. A filter assembly according to claim 48, wherein the filter medium is a FLUORODYNE or SUPOR medium and the end caps are composed of polypropylene.

15 52. A filter assembly according to claim 48, wherein the filter medium is composed of a nylon material and each end cap is composed of a polyester or a nylon material.

20 53. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 47 to 52, wherein the housing is such that the assembly can be sterilized by subjecting the interior of the filter to steam under pressure while the exterior of the housing is at atmospheric pressure without damaging the housing.

54. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 47 to 52, wherein the housing resists exposure of the interior of the housing to steam at about 121°C and about 1 bar above atmospheric pressure while the exterior of the housing is exposed to atmospheric pressure.

5 10

55. A filter assembly to any one of claims 47 to 54, wherein the housing is composed of any one of polysulphone, PEEK, PEK, polyphenyleneoxide, polyphenylenesulphide, polyethersulphone, polyalkoxysulphone or polyarylsulphone.

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56. A valve for a filter assembly comprising an annular sleeve surrounding a passage of generally circular cross-section, movement of said sleeve in one sense opening said valve and movement of said sleeve in a sense opposite said one sense closing said valve.

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57. A valve according to claim 56, wherein said passage contains a valve member, movement of said sleeve causing said valve member to move between a first position in which said valve member permits flow through said passage and a second position in which said valve member prevents flow through said passage.

58. A valve according to claim 56, wherein said valve member moves axially relative to said passage between said first and second positions.

5 59. A valve according to claim 58, wherein the sleeve and the valve member are connected together, the sleeve surrounding said passage and the valve member extending into an end of said passage, said valve member including a passage which is in fluid communication with the port passage when the 10 valve is open and which is not in fluid communication when the valve is closed.

15 60. A valve according to any one of claims 56 to 59, wherein a mechanism acts between the sleeve and the port such that rotation of the sleeve results in axial movement of said valve member between said first and second positions.

20 61. A valve according to claim 60, wherein said mechanism limits the extent of the axial movement of the valve member.

62. A valve according to claim 60 or claim 61, wherein said mechanism comprises a pin and a co-operating slot.

63. A valve according to claim 62 when dependent on claim 55, wherein the pin is carried on an exterior surface of the port and the slot extends helically partially around the sleeve.

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64. A valve comprising a part defining a cylindrical passage and a valve member moveable between a first position in which the member sits in and seals against the circumference of the passage to close the valve and a second position in which the member is located out of the passage to open the valve.

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15 65. A valve according to claim 64, wherein the valve member is connected to the part by a mechanism which causes the member to enter the passage to form said seal as the member is rotated relative to the part.

20 66. A valve according to claim 65, wherein the valve member is connected to a sleeve extending around the part and said mechanism acts between the sleeve and the part.

67. A valve according to claim 65 or claim 66, wherein the part defines a chamber continuous with the passage, said valve

member lying in the chamber in said second portion.

68. A valve according to claim 67, wherein the part has a plurality of ribs extending into said chamber, each rib having
5 an edge leading to the circumference of the passage, said edges being spaced around the circumference of the passage, the valve member carries an O-ring which forms said seal with the passage, the ribs guiding the O-ring into the passage on movement of the member into the first position.

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69. A valve according to claim 68, wherein the valve member moves on the axis of the passage.

70. A valve substantially as hereinbefore described with
15 reference to the accompanying drawings.

Amendments to the claims have been filed as follows

1. A filter assembly comprising a plastics housing providing an inlet port and an outlet port, the material of the housing being such that the assembly can be sterilized by subjecting the interior of the housing to steam under pressure while the exterior of the housing is at atmospheric pressure without damaging the housing, a filter element held in the housing and comprising a filter medium of water wettable material having a central passage extending between first and second ends of the filter medium, the first end of the filter medium being embedded in a first end cap of a plastics material to close said passage and the second end of the filter medium being embedded in a second end cap of a plastics material, said second end cap providing a fluid connection between said passage and one of said ports, the first and second end caps forming respective water-wettable joints with the filter medium.

2. A filter assembly according to claim 1, wherein said embedding involves heating the end caps to soften the end caps and inserting each one of said ends into the associated end cap while the associated end cap is softened.

3. A filter assembly according to claim 2, wherein said end cap plastics material is such that the characteristics of

the filter medium adjacent to the end caps are not altered by said embedding.

4. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 1 to
5 3, wherein the filter medium is composed principally of PVDF
which has been modified to make the medium water-wettable, and
the end caps are composed of polypropylene.

10 5. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 1 to
3, wherein the filter medium is composed principally of
polysulphone which has been modified to make the medium water-
wettable, and the end caps are composed of polypropylene.

15 6. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 1 to
3, wherein the filter medium is a FLUORODYNE or SUPOR medium
and the end caps are composed of polypropylene.

20 7. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 1 to
3, wherein the filter medium is composed of a nylon material
and each end cap is composed of a polyester or a nylon
material.

25 8. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim
wherein the filter element is integrity testable by the
Diffusive Forward Flow Test or by the Water Bubble Point Test.

9. A filter assembly according to claim 2 or claim 3,
wherein the end cap plastics material can be softened at a
temperature which is sufficiently low such that the integrity
of the medium is undamaged when the medium is inserted into
5 the end caps when the end caps are at said temperature.

10. A filter assembly according to claim 9, wherein the
filter medium is hydrophobic.

10 11. A filter assembly according to claim 10, wherein the
filter medium is composed of PTFE and each end cap is composed
of polypropylene.

15 12. A filter assembly according to claim 10, wherein the
filter medium is composed of PVDF and the end caps are
composed of polypropylene.

20 13. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim,
wherein the housing resists exposure of the interior of the
housing to steam at about 121°C and about 1 bar above
atmospheric pressure while the exterior of the housing is
exposed to atmospheric pressure.

25 14. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim,
wherein the housing plastics material is one of polysulphone,

PEEK, PEK, polyphenyleneoxide, polyphenylenesulphide,
polyethersulphone, polyalkoxysulphone or polyarylsulphone.

15. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim,
5 wherein said filter medium is generally annular, the first end
cap being generally disc-shaped and the second end cap being
generally annular with a central aperture for connection to a
housing port.

10 16. A filter assembly according to claim 15, wherein the
filter medium is pleated.

15 17. A filter assembly according to claim 15 or claim 16,
wherein the second end cap includes a projection defining a
fluid path, said projection being received in the associated
housing port to provide fluid communication therebetween.

20 18. A filter assembly according to claim 17, wherein said
housing includes first and second opposed end walls, said
housing port in fluid communication with the second end cap
being formed in said second end wall, the filter element
extending from said second end wall towards said first end
wall.

25 19. A filter assembly according to claim 18, wherein the

housing has a side wall of generally circular cross-section extending between said first and second end walls.

20. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim,
5 wherein the housing is formed by first and second housing
parts connected together.

21. A filter assembly according to claim 20 when dependent
on claim 19, wherein the first housing part includes said
10 first end wall and said side wall and the second housing part
includes said second end wall.

22. A filter assembly according to claim 20 or claim 21,
wherein the first housing part and the second housing part co-
15 operate to clamp the filter element between said parts to hold
the filter element in the housing.

23. A filter element according to claim 22, wherein the
filter element includes first and second oppositely facing
20 clamping surfaces, the first housing part bearing against the
first clamping surface and the second housing part bearing
against the second clamping surface.

24. A filter element according to claim 23, wherein said
25 first and second clamping surfaces are formed on said second

end cap.

25. A filter element according to claim 24, wherein the first clamping surface is formed on at least one flange projecting from said second end cap.

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26. A filter assembly according to claim 24 or claim 25, when dependent on claim 18, wherein said second clamping surface is formed on a portion of said second end cap extending around said projection.

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27. A filter assembly according to claim 25 and claim 26 wherein said first housing part has a peripheral edge remote from said first end wall, said peripheral edge bearing against said at least one flange to force the second clamping surface against a portion of the second end wall of the housing around the associated port.

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28. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim, wherein the filter medium is annular and has a curved exterior surface surrounded by a cage.

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29. A filter assembly according to claim 28 wherein the cage is formed from the same material as the end caps.

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30. A filter assembly according to any preceding claim, wherein the housing is provided with at least one valve that is manually operable to open and close the valve, the valve when open providing a fluid flow path between the exterior and
5 the interior of the housing.

31. A filter assembly according to claim 30, wherein the or each said valve is formed from materials that can be steam autoclaved.

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32. A filter assembly according to claim 31, wherein the or each value is such that the assembly can be sterilized by subjecting the interior of the housing to steam under pressure while the exterior of the housing is at atmospheric pressure
15 without damaging the valve.

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33. A filter assembly according to claim 30, wherein the or each valve is resistant to exposure of the interior of the housing to steam at about 121°C and about 1 bar above atmospheric pressure while the exterior of the housing is exposed to atmospheric pressure.

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34. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 30 to 33, wherein the or each said valve is formed principally from one of polysulphone, PEEK, PEK, polyphenyleneoxide,

polyphenylenesulphide, polyethersulphone polyalkoxysulphone or polyarylsulphone.

35. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 30 to
5 wherein the or each valve includes an annular sleeve surrounding a passage generally circular in cross-section, movement of said annular sleeve in one sense opening said valve and movement of the sleeve in a sense opposite said one sense closing said valve.

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36. A filter assembly according to claim 35, wherein the or each passage contains a valve member, movement of the associated sleeve causing said valve member to move between a first position in which said valve member permits flow through said passage and a second position in which said valve member prevents flow through said passage.

15 37. A filter assembly according to claim 36, wherein the or each valve member moves axially relative to the associated passage between said first and second positions.

20 38. A filter assembly according to claim 37, wherein the sleeve and the valve member of the or each valve are connected together, the sleeve surrounding said associated passage and the valve member extending into an end of said passage, said
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valve member including a passage which is in fluid communication with the associated passage when the valve is open and which is not in fluid communication when the valve is closed.

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42. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 35 to 38, wherein, for the or each valve, a mechanism acts between the sleeve and the housing such that rotation of the sleeve results in axial movement of said valve member between said first and second positions.

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40. A filter assembly according to claim 39, wherein the or each mechanism limits the extent of the axial movement of the associated valve member.

15

41. A filter assembly according to claim 39 or claim 40 wherein the or each mechanism comprises a pin and a co-operating slot.

20

42. A filter assembly according to claim 41 when dependent on claim 41, wherein the or each pin is carried on an exterior surface of the housing and the associated slot extends helically partially around the sleeve.

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43. A filter assembly substantially as herein before described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

44. A filter assembly comprising a housing having an inlet
5 and an outlet and a filter element that is integrity testable by the Diffusive Forward Flow Test or the Water Bubble Point Test, that is held in the housing and that comprises a filter medium having a central passage extending between the first and second ends of the filter medium, the housing being formed
10 from a plastics material that is steam sterilizable.

45. A filter assembly according to claim 44, wherein the first end of the filter medium is connected to a first end cap to close said passage and the second end of the filter medium
15 is connected to a second end cap, said end caps forming respective water-wettable joints with the filter medium.

46. A filter assembly according to claim 45, wherein the filter medium is composed principally of PVDF which has been
20 modified to make the medium water-wettable, and the end caps are composed of polypropylene.

47. A filter assembly according to claim 45, wherein the filter medium is composed principally of polysulphone which
25 has been modified to make the medium water-wettable, and the

end caps are composed of polypropylene.

48. A filter assembly according to claim 45, wherein the filter medium is a FLUORODYNE or SUPOR medium and the end caps
5 are composed of polypropylene.

49. A filter assembly according to claim 45, wherein the filter medium is composed of a nylon material and each end cap is composed of a polyester or a nylon material.

10 50. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 44 to 49, wherein the housing is such that the assembly can be sterilized by subjecting the interior of the filter to steam under pressure while the exterior of the housing is at
15 atmospheric pressure without damaging the housing.

51. A filter assembly according to any one of claims 44 to 49, wherein the housing resists exposure of the interior of the housing to steam at about 121°C and about 1 bar above
20 atmospheric pressure while the exterior of the housing is exposed to atmospheric pressure.

52. A filter assembly to any one of claims 44 to 51, wherein the housing is composed of any one of polysulphone,
25 PEEK, PEK, polyphenyleneoxide, polyphenylenesulphide,

polyethersulphone, polyalkoxysulphone or polyarylsulphone.

53. A valve for a filter assembly comprising an annular sleeve surrounding a passage of generally circular cross-section, movement of said sleeve in one sense opening said valve and movement of said sleeve in a sense opposite said one sense closing said valve.

54. A valve according to claim 53, wherein said passage contains a valve member, movement of said sleeve causing said valve member to move between a first position in which said valve member permits flow through said passage and a second position in which said valve member prevents flow through said passage.

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55. A valve according to claim 53, wherein said valve member moves axially relative to said passage between said first and second positions.

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56. A valve according to claim 55, wherein the sleeve and the valve member are connected together, the sleeve surrounding said passage and the valve member extending into an end of said passage, said valve member including a passage which is in fluid communication with the port passage when the valve is open and which is not in fluid communication when the

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valve is closed.

57. A valve according to any one of claims 55 to 56, wherein a mechanism acts between the sleeve and the port such that rotation of the sleeve results in axial movement of said valve member between said first and second positions.

58. A valve according to claim 57, wherein said mechanism limits the extent of the axial movement of the valve member.

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59. A valve according to claim 57 or claim 58, wherein said mechanism comprises a pin and a co-operating slot.

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60. A valve according to claim 59 when dependent on claim 55, wherein the pin is carried on an exterior surface of the port and the slot extends helically partially around the sleeve.

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61. A valve comprising a part defining a cylindrical passage and a valve member moveable between a first position in which the member sits in and seals against the circumference of the passage to close the valve and a second position in which the member is located out of the passage to open the valve.

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62. A valve according to claim 61, wherein the valve member is connected to the part by a mechanism which causes the member to enter the passage to form said seal as the member is rotated relative to the part.

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63. A valve according to claim 62, wherein the valve member is connected to a sleeve extending around the part and said mechanism acts between the sleeve and the part.

10 64. A valve according to claim 62 or claim 63, wherein the part defines a chamber continuous with the passage, said valve member lying in the chamber in said second portion.

15 65. A valve according to claim 64, wherein the part has a plurality of ribs extending into said chamber, each rib having an edge leading to the circumference of the passage, said edges being spaced around the circumference of the passage, the valve member carries an O-ring which forms said seal with the passage, the ribs guiding the O-ring into the passage on movement of the member into the first position.

20 69. A valve according to claim 68, wherein the valve member moves on the axis of the passage.

25 68. A valve substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.



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Application No: GB 9714965.2
Claims searched: 1 - 46

Examiner: Dr Chris Moore
Date of search: 1 October 1997

Patents Act 1977
Search Report under Section 17

Databases searched:

UK Patent Office collections, including GB, EP, WO & US patent specifications, in:

UK Cl (Ed.O): B1D DBGA, DDPA, DNFB, DNFD, DNMB, DNUA

Int Cl (Ed.6): B01D 27/00, 29/01, 29/11, 29/15, 35/30

Other:

Documents considered to be relevant:

Category	Identity of document and relevant passage	Relevant to claims
X	GB2233574A (PALL) Pages 2 - 9	1 - 46
X	GB1542668A (WHATMAN) Pages 1 - 3	1 - 32
X	GB1479226A (JOHNSON) Fig.s 1 - 2, Pages 1 - 3	1 - 46
X	WO94/19086A (PALL) Whole specification	1 - 33
X	US4956089A (HURST) Columns 1 - 5, Fig. 1	1 - 33
X	US4557834A (PALL) Columns 1 - 4, Fig. 1	1 - 33

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